

WEATHER FORECAST

Probably local thundred showers tonight and Saturday.

OCALA, FLORIDA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1916

VOL. 22, NO. 218

HAS FINISHED WORK AND STARTED FOR HOME

Sixty-Fourth Congress Appropriated About All the Money in Sight

WAS THE MOST EXTRAVAGANT LEGISLATIVE BODY EVER ASSEMBLED UNDER THE BIG DOME IN WASHINGTON

(Associated Press)

Washington, Sept. 8.—Congress adjourned sine die at 10 o'clock this morning, concluding a session that was record breaking in many respects, with appropriations and authorizations for the future running well toward two billion dollars.

ATTACK AND DEFENSE OF AN ENORMOUS EXPENSE

Representatives Fitzgerald of New York, democrat, and Gillett of Massachusetts, republican, announced today that this session of Congress appropriated exactly one billion six hundred twenty-six million four hundred thirty-nine thousand two hundred and ten dollars, which with obligations and authorizations for the future makes the total one billion eight hundred fifty-eight million three hundred eighty-four thousand four hundred eighty-five dollars. Mr. Fitzgerald defended the appropriations. Gillett attacked them, stating it was a half billion more than any republican Congress session.

The president went to the capitol this morning to sign a number of bills.

PRaised BY THE PRESIDENT

In a statement issued after Congress had adjourned, President Wilson called attention to the "helpful and humane legislation" passed and declared while he regretted the additional legislation dealing with the recent railroad dispute hadn't been completed, he had every reason to believe the question would be taken up immediately after Congress reassembled.

President Wilson signed the revenue bill at 9:25 this morning. Owens withdrew his corrupt practices bill. He declared the democratic party had broken its platform pledges relating to such an act, but charged a republican filibuster was responsible for the dilatory tactics which prevented the measure coming to a vote.

The Senate adopted a resolution instructing the lobby committee to investigate an alleged foreign lobby.

Speaker Clark, commenting on the session just closed, declared that in his recollection no session of Congress stayed in session so many days and worked so many hours.

WHAT THIS CONGRESS DID

When the gavel fell Congress had directed organization and re-equipment of the army and navy for, defense of the country at the unprecedented cost of \$655,000,000 with authorizations that will increase the total in three years to nearly \$800,000,000. With all other expenditures, appropriations were brought to the grand total of \$1,637,583,682, the greatest aggregate in the country's history and exceeding that for the last fiscal year by more than half a billion dollars.

Expenditures, necessitated by preparedness and the calling into action of military forces to meet the Mexican emergency demanded revenue legislation in the closing days of the session. Congress responded by doubling the normal tax on incomes, creating an inheritance tax, munitions tax and miscellaneous excise taxes to raise \$205,000,000 and by directing sale of \$130,000,000 Panama canal bonds.

Congress established a tariff commission; government shipping board to rehabilitate the American merchant marine; a workmen's compensation commission to administer a new uniform compensation law; a farm loan banking system; a child labor law; enlarged the system of self-government in the Philippines and enacted many other important laws which had been contemplated by the administration.

The session was disturbed throughout by frequently recurring threats of foreign complications from the

European war and imminence at one time of a diplomatic break with Germany; interference with American mails and commerce, invasion of American soil and killing of Americans by Mexican bandits, and danger of actual war with Mexico.

Later in the session trouble arose in the Senate over the nomination of Louis Brandeis, of Boston, to succeed the late Justice Lamar as a member of the supreme court. Weeks of investigation and deliberation by the judiciary committee ended in confirmation of Mr. Brandeis by a large majority.

Most important legislative enactments of the session, exclusive of laws for national defense, included the following:

Government ship law: Appropriating \$50,000,000 to operate ships in foreign and coastwise trade when unable to lease them to individuals or private corporations.

Child labor law: Denying interstate commerce to products of mines and quarries employing children under 16 years of age, and factories, mills, canneries and other establishments employing children under 14 years.

Rural credits law: Establishing a farm loan board in control of a system of farm loan mortgage banks.

Workmen's compensation law: Providing uniform sick and accident benefits for employees of the federal government, and benefits to dependents in case of death.

Emergency revenue law: Providing for doubling the normal income tax on the lowest class; making additional surtax ranging from one per cent on that portion of incomes exceeding \$20,000 to 13 per cent on amount of income in excess of \$2,000,000; levying a graduated tax of one to ten per cent on inheritances ranging from \$50,000 to \$5,000,000; a ten per cent net profit tax on manufacturers of munitions; a license tax on actually invested capital stock of corporations capitalized at more than \$99,000; wine, beer, and liquor excise taxes and miscellaneous stamp taxes.

Good roads law: Providing for cooperative federal aid to the states for construction of highways, and appropriating \$75,000,000 to be spent in five years.

Postal savings law: Amendment increasing the amount which individuals may deposit from \$500 to \$1000 with interest and an additional \$1000 without interest.

Federal reserve: Amendments, including amendment to the Clayton anti-trust law permitting officers and directors of member banks to become officers and directors of not more than two other non-competing banks; amendments permitting national banks to establish foreign branches, liberalizing regulations for discounting commercial paper and permitting member banks in towns of 5000 or less population to act as agents for insurance companies.

Railroad legislation: Creation of a joint sub-committee of Senate and House interstate commerce committees to investigate necessity for further legislation for railroads and the Interstate Commerce Commission, question of government ownership of public utilities and comparative worth of government ownership as against government regulation.

Tariff: Creation of a non-partisan tariff commission of five members to investigate and advise Congress on tariff revision; repeal of the free sugar provision of existing tariff law; amendments increasing duties on dyestuffs to encourage manufacturing dyestuffs in the United States; enactment of an anti-dumping provision to prevent dumping of foreign made goods at less than foreign market prices; authorization for the president to retaliate against foreign nations prohibiting importation of goods from the United States by lay-

ing an embargo against imports from offending nations.

Cotton futures act: Providing a prohibitive tax on cotton for future delivery in fictitious or wash sales.

Philippines: Law to provide for a more autonomous government of the islands, enlarging self government, reorganizing election laws, establishing an elective Senate and promising independence whenever, in the judgment of the United States the Philippine people demonstrate capability for it.

ARNOLD HAD THE BEST OF IT

Jacksonville Deputy Sheriff Killed a Negro in a Running Fight

(Associated Press)

Jacksonville, Sept. 8.—Ben Tolbert, a negro, was killed in a running fight today by Deputy Sheriff E. W. Arnold after, it is alleged, he attempted an assault on a nine-year-old white girl.

ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT AT SILVER SPRINGS

Popular Resort Will Soon be Brilliantly and Beautifully Lit Up

The city has very wisely loaned Mr. Ed. Carmichael a small generator, was lying useless among the various articles laid aside for more improved machinery at the electric plant. Mr. Carmichael is having built a small plant at the springs, and in a week or ten days will be able to have Ocala's little Atlantic Beach brilliantly lighted at night.

The plant is located in a sheetiron building which has been erected on the rear of the site of the old pavilion, and the small it is complete. The power will be furnished by a gasoline engine.

Lights will be put in the bathhouse, the new pavilion, all around the shore to the railroad station, and out in the grove, which with its level ground newly filled, its tables and benches, is becoming a great favorite for picnic parties, and when electric lights are glittering among the trees will be more so.

A novel and attractive feature will be a big light down in the water of the springs, at the right distance from the shore to be of the best advantage to the swimmers. This will make it an even greater pleasure to go in swimming at night.

The big dancing pavilion is almost ready, and when it is completed there will be an opening ball at which Mr. Carmichael hopes to see all Ocala present.

COMPETITIVE DRILL OF THE WOODMEN

Co. H, Uniform Rank, W. O. W., is now preparing for a competitive drill, which will be held sometime the latter part of the month. This evening the degree team will put on the initiatory work and all the members of Fort King Camp are expected to be on hand to assist the boys in keeping the goat straight.

BOISEY LONG WILL HANG

Boisey Long, the negro charged with killing Deputy Sheriff S. G. Wynne, of Newberry, has been tried in Gainesville and found guilty of murder. He has been sentenced to death, and the governor is to set the date for the execution.

AMERICAN STEAMER WAS FIRED ON

CAPTAIN OF OWEGO SATISFIED HOWEVER GERMAN DIDN'T TRY TO HIT HIS CRAFT

(Associated Press)

New York, Sept. 8.—A German submarine fired on the American steamer Owego in the English channel during a thick haze, Captain E. W. Barlow of the Owego, reported on the ship's arrival here today. The Owego sailed from Rotterdam. Captain Barlow couldn't see the submarine, but halted when the shots were fired. Captain Barlow said he was satisfied the Germans didn't try to hit the Owego.

MR. BLITCH DEFENDS MR. CATTS SOME MORE

Editor Star: I appreciate no little your courtesy in throwing open your columns to me and while I am too much engrossed in other affairs to take up much of your space I shall occasionally avail myself of same.

Mr. Catts has not appointed me his champion; so far as I know he knows nothing of these articles, but when Mr. Catts received the certificate of nomination I as a democrat voluntarily became his champion.

I conceded to Mr. Knott the right to make the contest, but I doubted the wisdom of it, not only on his account personally but on account of the party and developments have proven to me at least that it was the mistake of his life and that he has rapidly drifted from probably one of the most loved men in the state to one of the least loved among our prominent men.

In making this statement I do not wish to be understood as throwing off on Mr. Knott, as I am a friend to him and associated with him in a number of organizations, but Mr. Knott has let his over zealous friends put him in an attitude that he can well and truthfully say Lord, deliver me from my friends.

When Mr. Knott's attorneys at Gainesville succeeded in having the vote for governor thrown out of an Alachua Catts precinct on a technicality and counted other precincts when the same technicality prevailed, because they were for Mr. Knott, I immediately wrote Mr. Knott and asked him to come out in the press and repudiate such methods, but to this day Mr. Knott has not answered that letter and I therefore understood that he approved such work and in my judgment that affair alienated many hundred of his friends.

I have tried hard, Mr. Editor, to draw you out on this Alachua county affair and the recounts in Madison, Suwanee and Hamilton counties, but just before you get to these subjects you sidestep and say something about Mr. Catts' remarks about high school girl graduates or marching through Florida to the capitol or puncturing my remarks about black eyes. This is only scratching the surface. You are in a position to and fully capable of cracking the cocoanut and pouring out the milk to your readers.

Tell us why on many of the Greenville ballots the first choice was marked in lead pencil and second choice was marked in copying pencil and whether or not you believe that when all three inspectors and clerk made affidavit that the ballots had been tampered with if you believe it and whether when these inspectors tally Mr. Catts' 74 first choice votes in the first count and the recount under instructions of the court only showed a little over half of those and then 74 men come forward and make affidavit that they voted for Mr. Catts first choice if you believe that and if you do believe it do you approve of such work.

Mr. Editor, when Mr. Catts comes forward asking that some three hundred votes actually cast and counted for him but for various reasons have not been certified to the state canvassing board be certified and when this is done and the recount in those counties where the ballots have been tampered with is thrown out and this leaves Mr. Catts still the nominee, will you come out like the good democrat you are and put your shoulder to the wheel and help to elect him governor? My prediction is that this will be the case and everything points to this and I am trying to give you warning so you will be ready for the "golden jubilee." J. S. Blich. Montbrook, Sept. 7.

CROPS OF WHEAT AND CORN

For the United States in 1916 will Aggregate Over Three Billion Bushels

(Associated Press)

Washington, Sept. 8.—Wheat production for 1916 is estimated at 611,000,000 bushels, according to the department of agriculture. The corn yield will be around two billion seven hundred and ten million bushels.

GABFEST HAS BEGUN

Spellbinders at New London, Conn., Have Commenced Their Spelling

(Associated Press)

New London, Sept. 8.—The Mexican-American commission today discussed the agreement for future border military operations.

LIGHT VICE PRESIDENT SOUTH FLORIDA COMMERCIAL BODY

At the meeting of the South Florida Chamber of Commerce yesterday in Tampa Mr. L. S. Light of Reddick, was elected third vice president of the organization in place of Mr. Z. C. Chambliss of Ocala, resigned. A letter from Mr. Chambliss to the organization stated that his business affiliations preventing his accepting the duties of the office.

Mr. Light yesterday afternoon moved that the South Florida Chamber of Commerce protest to the railroad commission of the state against the transportation methods and rates as they now apply to strawberries, as being discriminatory. The motion was carried unanimously, and the protest will be made before the railroad commission at its meeting next Thursday.

Mr. Light said that he was in favor of a reasonable charge and stated that the growers were asking for nothing more than a square deal from the railroads. He said he felt sure the growers would get redress from the commission.

Declaring the Florida East Coast and Atlantic Coast Line Railroad companies are charging the highest rates of any railroads on earth, the entire membership of the South Florida Chamber of Commerce voted unanimously yesterday afternoon to protest against the present rates on perishables and to have a committee of seven investigate the possibility of uniting the various traffic bureaus of the many organizations in this part of the state into one organization to secure an entire new tariff system for this state. That Florida is being discriminated against by the railroads the worst of any state in the nation was the belief expressed by the membership.

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Circuit Judge—W. S. Bullock, Ocala.
State Attorney—Geo. W. Scofield, Inverness.

Clerk Circuit Court—P. H. Nugent, Ocala.

Sheriff—John P. Galloway, Ocala.
Tax Assessor—Alfred Ayer, Ocala.
Tax Collector—W. L. Colbert, Ocala.

County Judge—W. E. Smith, Ocala.
Superintendent of Schools—J. H. Brinson.

Surveyor—Alex. Moorehead, Ocala.
Commissioners—W. D. Carn, Walter H. Luffman, N. A. Fort, S. R. Pyles and J. T. Hutchins.

Members School Board—G. S. Scott, Ocala; B. R. Blich, Blitchton; J. S. Grantham, Fort McCoy.

Sub-School Trustees—Jack Camp, J. E. Chace, W. T. Gary.

RUSSIAN HOSTS IN RUMANIA

Battling Fiercely With the Bulgars and Turks

AUSTRIANS ADMIT LOSS OF ORSOVA—FIGHTING BLOODY BUT UNDECIDED ON WESTERN FRONT

(Associated Press)

London, Sept. 8.—A Rome dispatch to the Wireless Press reports the beginning of a great battle in south-eastern Rumania. The Russians have taken the offensive against the Bulgarians and Germans along the whole front in Dobrudja, between the Danube and the Black Sea. The fighting is particularly desperate near Baltjik.

EAST RUMANIA INVADED

An undated Bulgarian official report received here says the Bulgarians and Germans invading eastern Rumania have captured the fortress of Dobric and seaports of Baltjik, Kavarna and Kali Akra. The report concedes the occupation of Orsova by the Rumanians.

ORSOVA OCCUPIED

A newspaper dispatch from Bucharest says the Rumanians have occupied the important Hungarian town of Orsova on the Danube.

FIGHTING ON THE WESTERN FRONT

The British continue active on the Somme front. London announces British raids southeast of Lille and Givenchy and near Fiechbourg inflicted severe losses on the Germans. The French report the violent German attacks on the Somme front were all futile.

SECOND MAY GO TO THE MEXICAN BORDER

Black Point, Sept. 8.—It is beginning to look as though the Second regiment is due for a change. Fifteen British cars are lying on the siding, fully equipped for placing the company ranges therein, also fifteen baggage cars for transporting the baggage of the various companies. The tourist sleepers have not yet been placed but we are looking for them daily, and it is the consensus of opinion that we will yet see sixty days' service on the border.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR BRIGHT YOUNG MEN

There is a great demand for male stenographers in the United States government service. Young men who are willing to accept appointment at an entrance salary of \$840 to \$1,000 per annum have excellent opportunities for appointment. For full information address U. S. Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

SWIMMING CONTEST AT SILVER SPRINGS

Enthusiasts in aquatic sports will have something to interest them at Silver Springs on Thursday the 21st, when there will be a series of swimming races. There will be fourteen events with a prize for each. The contest will begin at 3:30 p. m. and being in charge of Mr. Elpert, the lifeguard, who is himself one of the finest swimmers in the country, the event promises to be one of great interest.

HAVING TROUBLE WITH YOUR CAR

Then bring it to me. Remediating automobile troubles is my business. Honest, efficient service; you pay for the time put in on your car only. J. A. Bouvier, Anthony road, phone 393, Ocala, Fla. 9-16-tf

THIRTEEN pounds of sugar for \$1, with a cash purchase of one dollar's worth of other groceries, Saturday and Monday. Smith Grocery Company.

Try Bouquet Dozra perfume, \$2 per ounce, at Gerig's.

October Cosmopolitan at The Book Shop Saturday morning. 9-6-3t

WILSON HAS LEFT WASHINGTON

Away from the City Probably Until After the November Election

(Associated Press)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—President Wilson left today at 1 o'clock for a stay which may extend until after the November election. He goes to Atlantic City tonight to address the National American Woman Suffrage Association. He will motor to the summer White House at Long Branch tomorrow.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS

Col. Robert W. Davis of Gainesville, Mrs. Davis, Miss Catherine Davis and Robert Davis Jr., were guests of the Harrington today. Col. Davis and family paid the Star a pleasant visit. We were well acquainted with Colonel Davis twenty-five years ago, and he seems to have grown younger since then. Few if any public men in Florida have held such a constant place in the hearts of their friends as this courteous and eloquent old gentleman.

Mr. C. M. Brown of Miami, and Mrs. Brown, are guests at the Harrington Hall. Mr. Brown formerly lived in Ocala, and his many friends will be glad to see him. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Harley of Miami. The party are returning home from the mountains of North Carolina, making the trip by motor.

DAESN'T BE TOO DECIDED

National Woman Suffrage Convention Won't Pick a Favorite

(Associated Press)

Atlantic City, Sept. 8.—The National American Woman Suffrage Association defeated a resolution to support only candidates favoring a federal suffrage amendment.

SHOTS FIRED IN THE NEW YORK STRIKE

(Associated Press)

New York, Sept. 8.—Pistol shots were fired on an elevated train today, but no one was hurt. Traction officials claim the strike is broken. The elevated and subways are running apparently on normal schedules.

MURDER OR SUICIDE IN JACKSONVILLE

(Associated Press)

Jacksonville, Sept. 8.—The police have been unable to ascertain whether the woman found in a creek near here yesterday was murdered or committed suicide. She called herself Miss A. King, of Detroit. Claws to her identity were destroyed. The body was buried today, the authorities being unable to locate the dead woman's relatives.

THIRTEEN pounds of sugar for \$1, with a cash purchase of one dollar's worth of other groceries, Saturday and Monday. Smith Grocery Company.

When ready to connect your plumbing with sewers or need tin work, roofing, tanks, gutters, etc., plumbing, gas fitting, stove or general repairing, phone 494 for P. A. Durand, the plumber. 9-4-tf